

Citrusville Morning Herald
FORMED IN
BLOOM BROS. & COGGINS.
W. W. BLOOM, H. C. BLOOM, Editors.
J. E. COGGINS, Business Manager.
All communications designed for publication
should be addressed to the Business Manager, 6th
address to Bloom Bros. & Co., Cleveland.
We do not charge for insertion of application
by mail, or at the counter-room.

Terms of the Daily:
Single copy, 5 cents.
Subscriptions, \$1.00 per quarter.
\$2.00 per year.
Terms of the Weekly Herald,
Single copy, 10 cents.
\$1.00 per week.
\$4.00 per year.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN THE SIX REGIONS.

Citrusville Morning Herald.

VOL. VIII. NO. 113.

TITUSVILLE, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1871.

WHOLE NO. 1963.

TUBING AND CASING.

J. C. ALLISON & SONS.

Office and Works
32d and Walnut Sts.,
Philadelphia.

TRADE A MARK.

BRASS OFFICE

FERTIG BLOCK,
Titusville, Pa.

MANUFACTURERS OF

LAP WELDED

Tubing & Casing
Both Plain and Galvanized,
for Oil and Salt Wells,
American Charcoal
Iron Boiler Tubes,
Lap Welded Tubing for
Steam and Water.

BOSTON, MASS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
LAP-WELDED OIL WELL
Tubing & Casing.

We call the particular attention of dealers
and producers to this make of Tubing and
Casing. One of the important features in the
manufacture of our Tubing is, that the
Tubing is perfectly straight, smooth and uniform,
thereby giving equal and great strength to the
tubing throughout.

Each tube is carefully selected, tested, sealed,
and proved with the sockets on at a hydraulic
pressure of 1,000 pounds to the square inch before
each length stamped with our trade mark
Diamond "E."

PORTER, WICKHAM & CO.,
TITUSVILLE,

AND—

WICKHAM BROS.,
CHURCH RUN,
TITUSVILLE,

BOSTON TUBING

MORRIS,
TASKER & CO.,

W. C. ALLISON & SONS

Trade A MARK.

PASCAL IRON WORKS!

—

Boston Casing

At Lowest Rates;

MONAHAN & ROBERTS'

SAND PUMPS,

New Bedford Cables,

BELTING

—

WELL FITTINGS.

MORRIS, TASKER & CO.,

OFFICE AND STORE, 12 DIAMOND AND
27 SPRING STREETS.

Opposite Old Post Office.

TITUSVILLE.

Having established a depot for our Manufactures at this point we invite the attention of the Trade to our stock of

Lap-welded Oil-well Tube and
Casing.

Brass and Iron-body Globe
Valves and Seats.

As a general assortment of
Pipe-fittings and Tools.

IRON WORKS.

Boston Iron Works,

JAMES SMITH, Prop'r,

OTTER STREET, NEAR J. & F. RAILROAD,

PLANS AND IRON BODY VALVES
AND COUCHES.

Manufacturers of
LAP WELDED

GILL WELL

FOR CANING,

Wrought Steel

Welded Tubes,

In and Galvanized, from
1/2 inch to 8 inch Inside
Diameter.

Lap-welded Boiler Tubes,

Having a large, equal diameter, lengthening
one end and under, made of best American
Steel Iron.

Screwing Machines,

As a full assortment of

GAS AND STEAM FITTINGS

TOOLS AND MATERIALS.

Cast and Malleable Iron Fittings,

PLANS AND IRON BODY VALVES
AND COUCHES.

As well as from 1/2 inch to 12

12 ft. Works, Lamp
Posts, &c.

Our oil Well Tubes retested
before leaving our works, with
a pressure of 1,000 lbs. to the
square inch. Each length is
stamped near the screw with
our trade mark—the sockets
are good.

Our oil Well Tubes retested
before leaving our works, with
a pressure of 1,000 lbs. to the
square inch. Each length is
stamped near the screw with
our trade mark—the sockets
are good.

TUBING AND CASING.

CRESCENT TUBE WORKS.

EVANS, DALZELL & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DEALERS WILL CALL ON

E. W. STRATTON

OFFICE:

No. 4 Parshall House Block

Spring Street.

NATIONAL

TUBE WORKS CO.,

BOUGHTON

AND

CHARLES

MARK.

ATTORNEY AT LAW

JOHN C. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved October 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

President of Council

Approved Oct. 12, 1871.

W. B. BATES, Mayor

on Oct. 12.

J. A. CADWALLADER,

Titusville Morning Herald

Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1871.

Another "New Departure."

Frank Blair is a model of frankness. He is like Davis, and can not hold his tongue, but whatever we may think of the discretion of a man who speaks his mind without reserve, we must not fail to admire his courage, and applaud his honesty. On the contrary, the double-tongued, two-faced man is always quite an object of many mirth and just suspicion.

Now, Frank Blair, when he wrote the famous Broadhead letter, of 1868, spoke the real sentiments of the South. Their aims at finding such a champion was unconcealed. Wade Hampton and Forrest begged him to their bosom, they hailed him as their deliverer from the yoke of the constitutional amendments; when he denounced them, and when he threatened to resist, and vowed never to submit to them to combat them by armed violence if need be, Blair was a man after their own heart. But such sentiments justify alarums and were a source of mischief to the Seymour ticket, so that it was seriously proposed by the World to blow Blair overboard.

The World cared only for success, Blair for principle. It is hard to tell whether the plausible insincerity of Seymour or the cut-pork and honest zeal was most damaging to Democratic papers in the last Presidential campaign, but both together they were fatal, fatal; we need not say to success, that was always out of the question—but fatal to success in a respectable number of states, as Grant swept over two-thirds of them as with a whirlwind.

What we propose to show now—is that the same fatal division, the same fatal weakness, prevails in the Democratic ranks today, and what we can, can be looked for but the same untoward and melancholy issue? What mean the Democratic losses and defeats last spring and this fall? Where is there a single ray of promise in the general political gloom that has settled on the Democratic party? Where has the Democratic party any vital strength except in Kentucky and New York—Kentucky, which still "kicks against the pricks," and is still according to the fallen Diagon of their venerable temple of slavery; and New York, where the ballot-box is at the mercy of the Tammany apprentices? Where, we say, are the gods of the Democratic party? They are, perhaps, on a journey, or perhaps they are sleeping and must be awoken. The Democratic papers put out and lash them—there, but there is no voice nor any one to answer, nor any that regard them. Who likes to belong to a party that is ever waddled down, down, down, by the overwhelming voice of his countrymen?

Be sure, there is good reason for this, for 'tis natural jealousy and envy and discontent of power and success would of itself work a revolution in a popular government, and a change of administration, was it not for the still greater popular doubt and distrust of the party who seek to supplant them. Now what is the matter? The Blair platform of 1868, which meant retrogression, which meant annexation to rebels still defiant and without compunction with equivalent rights to the freedmen, swamped the Democratic party in the last Presidential election. What now? The Democratic leaders of the North turned a somersault, repudiated Blair, and accepted the amendments final. Of course, there was protest at the South by Stephens, at the West by Pendleton, but their dissent was overruled, Vallan unfastened the banner of the "new departure." Twed, the political leader of the Democratic party in New York, schooled the sentiment, with the further watchword of "Honesty and Reform," and the Democratic party, as a mass, gave in their assent to Radical legislation, withullen submission and mental reservation.

And what has been the result? They had no heart for the fight. There was no principle whatever involved in the contest. It was a bold surrender of every previous ground of dispute and issue. And so, long before the anti-Orange riots, or the exposure of Tammany, the elections showed that the Democratic party of the country was thoroughly demoralized, with no principle of cohesion, disestate of convictions, borrowing the ideas of its antagonist, with no inspiring resolutions, depriving even of all the virtue or vicious strength that resides in a stoic inveterate prejudice.

True! if any man is entitled to speak out, and to be heard, at this juncture it is Blair, for the "new departure" was not his bantling. Blair has spoken out in his usual indocile, crack-brained fashion, for while he is a dashing guerrilla, as a political strategist he is far from brilliant, and indeed, is little better than a marplot. He tells too much truth, and he has a fine art of saying disagreeable things. In fact, he is far more dangerous to his friends than to his enemies. And thus says Blair, in a speech made at Montgomery, Alabama, on Friday last, and we ask particular attention to the paragraph that we quote. He says:

"I have seen it proposed that in the next Democratic Convention, to be held for the nomination of a candidate for President of the United States, the South should for bear to take any part whatever; that the South should decline to be represented, but should accept whatever candidate the North may offer. I discuss this point of view with the North, and they say this may not be done. I tell them that I believe a triumph which will relieve you of the thing which the South looks to and looks forward to."

Just so! "The triumph of the Democratic party is the safety of the South. But is it the safety of the Union, too? If mean liberty, are the freedmen, are northern men to be protected from the Ku Klux, and is the Federal arm to withdraw, and the South to be self-governed, if it does not and will not govern itself, in the spirit of the constitutional amendments adopted to secure a final peace, by the ratification of three-fourths of the states of the Union?"

Another extract:

I do not know how well it is known, but to those who care for my opinion, it is known that I am no friend of the new departure, but I believe in the patriotic and the purity of motive of those who have chosen the path. But while I shall still hold to the position which I have heretofore expressed, and shall not yield one inch of my own convictions as to the constitutionality of the usurpations of the Radical party, I am willing to fight the Radicals in any shape the Democratic party may determine upon. I believe that the new departure, as far from being a good policy, as it is bad, is adopted as its policy. I shall maintain without surrendering my own convictions. I believe that party has failed to give us success in the election of this summer and autumn, and for the reason that it was a confession in open court of our inability to carry the election upon our own principles. It was confessio-

that we must make a concession in order to draw to us others who had hitherto acted against us. But in making that concession it failed to place candidates in the people in harmony with that platform. The people who were disengaged at this concession, no Republicans were consolidated.

An honest confession is good for the soul! But Frank does not despair, like Mark Tapley, . . . he grows more cheerful, the deeper the night sets in about him. His eyes twinkle, the morning and Herkens evening star, and the Greater and Lesser Bear, and all the great guiding lights of heaven, which all is pitch darkness to other political matiners.

But when we know Frank proposes, and what is the ground of his hope, and the inspiration of his cheer, we know he is desiring himself, and cannot deceive others, for he gravely proposes, that as a fast resort, the Democratic party should actually nominate a Republican, to beat General Grant, whose renomination he concedes, as a foregone conclusion. A Republican, who would be acceptable to Blair and Tweed, and Pendleton and Stephens, and Bourbon Kentucky, and the Ku-Klux, and the South, and opposed to military law to aid the civil authority when in instant, in the name of American sense where can such a Republican be found? How deep is his Republicanism, who would trust him with a Democratic cabinet around him? How shall any Republican to flatter himself that the party cannot better spare him than he can do without the party? Where is Seward? Where is Chase? They stood at the helm of the Republican ship, and prophesied that she would go to pieces if they were not permitted to guide her. They left her to new hands, but she moved majestically, "thing of life," through shoals and tempests, and she still sails on, stanch in every timber, and with flying, unspent flag. Let other Republicans less eminent and less trusted take warning.

The Republican party, as a whole, is wiser, more liberal, more loyal and more devoted to its great mission, not yet consummated than any of its rivalships. How ever disaffected, or bitter or discontented they may be, they are the gods of the Democratic party? They are, perhaps, on a journey, or perhaps they are sleeping and must be awoken. The Democratic papers put out and lash them—there, but there is no voice nor any one to answer, nor any that regard them. Who likes to belong to a party that is ever waddled down, down, down, by the overwhelming voice of his countrymen?

Be sure, there is good reason for this, for 'tis natural jealousy and envy and discontent of power and success would of itself work a revolution in a popular government, and a change of administration, was it not for the still greater popular doubt and distrust of the party who seek to supplant them. Now what is the matter?

The Democratic leaders of the North turned a somersault, repudiated Blair, and accepted the amendments final. Of course, there was protest at the South by Stephens, at the West by Pendleton, but their dissent was overruled, Vallan unfastened the banner of the "new departure." Twed, the political leader of the Democratic party in New York, schooled the sentiment, with the further watchword of "Honesty and Reform," and the Democratic party, as a mass, gave in their assent to Radical legislation, withullen submission and mental reservation.

And what has been the result? They had no heart for the fight. There was no principle whatever involved in the contest. It was a bold surrender of every previous ground of dispute and issue.

And so, long before the anti-Orange riots, or the exposure of Tammany, the elections showed that the Democratic party of the country was thoroughly demoralized, with no principle of cohesion, disestate of convictions, borrowing the ideas of its antagonist, with no inspiring resolutions, depriving even of all the virtue or vicious strength that resides in a stoic inveterate prejudice.

True! if any man is entitled to speak out, and to be heard, at this juncture it is Blair, for the "new departure" was not his bantling. Blair has spoken out in his usual indocile, crack-brained fashion, for while he is a dashing guerrilla, as a political strategist he is far from brilliant, and indeed, is little better than a marplot. He tells too much truth, and he has a fine art of saying disagreeable things. In fact, he is far more dangerous to his friends than to his enemies. And thus says Blair, in a speech made at Montgomery, Alabama, on Friday last, and we ask particular attention to the paragraph that we quote. He says:

"I have seen it proposed that in the next Democratic Convention, to be held for the nomination of a candidate for President of the United States, the South should for bear to take any part whatever; that the South should decline to be represented, but should accept whatever candidate the North may offer. I discuss this point of view with the North, and they say this may not be done. I tell them that I believe a triumph which will relieve you of the thing which the South looks to and looks forward to."

Just so! "The triumph of the Democratic party is the safety of the South. But is it the safety of the Union, too? If mean liberty, are the freedmen, are northern men to be protected from the Ku Klux, and is the Federal arm to withdraw, and the South to be self-governed, if it does not and will not govern itself, in the spirit of the constitutional amendments adopted to secure a final peace, by the ratification of three-fourths of the states of the Union?"

Another extract:

I do not know how well it is known, but to those who care for my opinion, it is known that I am no friend of the new departure, but I believe in the patriotic and the purity of motive of those who have chosen the path. But while I shall still hold to the position which I have heretofore expressed, and shall not yield one inch of my own convictions as to the constitutionality of the usurpations of the Radical party, I am willing to fight the Radicals in any shape the Democratic party may determine upon. I believe that the new departure, as far from being a good policy, as it is bad, is adopted as its policy. I shall maintain without surrendering my own convictions. I believe that party has failed to give us success in the election of this summer and autumn, and for the reason that it was a confession in open court of our inability to carry the election upon our own principles. It was confessio-

BY TELEGRAPH

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.

By the Western Union Line.

An Appeal for Aid from Michigan.

Detroit, Oct. 24.
To the Western Union Line.

An honest confession is good for the soul! But Frank does not despair, like Mark Tapley, . . . he grows more cheerful, the deeper the night sets in about him.

On the Western Union Line.

A. D. HATCH, Superintendent.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1871.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.

The cabinet session to day was brief, the subject of the capture of the Chinese in the Pacific.

There was conversation in relation to the Horace Greeley Government.

The Board of Trade regarding such representation of no further benefit.

Superintendent Smith's report shows the value of boats and ships received \$8,000,000, total \$19,000,000; coffee, \$1,000,000; tea, \$100,000; sugar, \$300,000; tea, \$1,000,000; tobacco, \$8,500,000; tea, \$1,000,000. Total value of receipts, including above, \$29,500,000.

Fatal Accident.

Louisville, Oct. 24.
To the Western Union Line.

An honest confession is good for the soul!

But Frank does not despair, like Mark Tapley, . . . he grows more cheerful, the deeper the night sets in about him.

On the Western Union Line.

A. D. HATCH, Superintendent.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1871.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.

The cabinet session to day was brief,

the subject of the capture of the Chinese in the Pacific.

There was conversation in relation to the

Horace Greeley Government.

The Board of Trade regarding such

representation of no further benefit.

Superintendent Smith's report shows the value of boats and ships received \$8,000,000, total \$19,000,000; coffee, \$1,000,000; tea, \$100,000; sugar, \$300,000; tea, \$1,000,000. Total value of receipts, including above, \$29,500,000.

Fatal Accident.

Louisville, Oct. 24.
To the Western Union Line.

An honest confession is good for the soul!

But Frank does not despair, like Mark Tapley, . . . he grows more cheerful, the deeper the night sets in about him.

On the Western Union Line.

A. D. HATCH, Superintendent.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1871.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.

The cabinet session to day was brief,

the subject of the capture of the Chinese in the Pacific.

There was conversation in relation to the

Horace Greeley Government.

The Board of Trade regarding such

representation of no further benefit.

Superintendent Smith's report shows the value of boats and ships received \$8,000,000, total \$19,000,000; coffee, \$1,000,000; tea, \$100,000; sugar, \$300,000; tea, \$1,000,000. Total value of receipts, including above, \$29,500,000.

Fatal Accident.

Louisville, Oct. 24.
To the Western Union Line.

An honest confession is good for the soul!

But Frank does not despair, like Mark Tapley, . . . he grows more cheerful, the deeper the night sets in about him.

On the Western Union Line.

A. D. HATCH, Superintendent.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1871.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.

The cabinet session to day was brief,

the subject of the capture of the Chinese in the Pacific.

There was conversation in relation to the

Horace Greeley Government.

The Board of Trade regarding such

representation of no further benefit.

Superintendent Smith's report shows the value of boats and ships received \$8,000,000, total \$19,000,000; coffee, \$1,000,000; tea, \$100,000; sugar, \$300,000; tea, \$1,000,000. Total value of receipts, including above, \$29,500,000.

Fatal Accident.

Louisville, Oct. 24.
To the Western Union Line.

An honest confession is good for the soul!

But Frank does not despair, like Mark Tapley, . . . he grows more cheerful, the deeper the night sets in about him.

On the Western Union Line.

A. D. HATCH, Superintendent.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1871.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.

The cabinet session to day was brief,

the subject of the capture of the Chinese in the Pacific.

There was conversation in relation to the

Horace Greeley Government.

The Board of Trade regarding such

representation of no further benefit.

Superintendent Smith's report shows the value of boats and ships received \$8,000,000, total \$19,000,000; coffee, \$1,000,000; tea, \$100,000; sugar, \$300,000; tea, \$1,000,000. Total value of receipts, including above, \$29,500,000.

Fatal Accident.

Louisville, Oct. 24.
To the Western Union Line.

An honest confession is good for the soul!

But Frank does not despair, like Mark Tapley, . . . he grows more cheerful, the deeper the night sets in about him.

On the Western Union Line.

SHUGERT & STARR,

Cor Sping & Franklin sts.

Successors to McFarland, Smith & Co.,

Have reduced the old stock, and put in care of the finest and most recent.

Cloths & Cusinieres,

English,

French and

American

COATINGS.

MIXED AND

STRIPED SUITING,

FANCY VESTINGS.

Sale agent for Fab, Clark & Flegg's

True Fit & Cheviot Shirts.

PATENT PANTALOON DRAWERS,

A Large Stock on Hand.

MEASURES TAKEN AND

FITS GUARANTEED.

Twenty different styles of

HATS & CAPS,

All of the latest and neatest styles.

A full line of

Gent' Furnishing Goods,

From which the most fastidious can make a good

selection.

THE CITIZENS BANK,

Titusville, Pa.

OFFICERS:

W. H. ADAMS, President.

J. G. JACKSON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

W. M. ADAMS, G. N. ANDREWS,

F. W. ANDREWS,

D. H. CADY, L. D. DETHWELL,

I. S. JACKSON.

This bank is organized by the partnershi-

pship, each stockholder being individually li-

able for all debts.

FOUR, FIVE AND SIX PER CENT.

Interest allowed on time deposits in Savings

Bank Department, special facilities being offered

to small business men.

MINIMUM SECURITIES OF ALL KINDS.

Discounts made and a General Banking Busi-

ness transacted.

Shamburg

Savings Bank,

Shamburg, Pa.

JOHN B. DAVIS, President.

This institution is a branch of the Citizens

Bank of Titusville, and business is conducted on

the same principles.

INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS A GEN-

ERAL BANKING BUSINESS

TRANSACTED.

We offer several new styles of

Heating and

Cooking Stoves

his season, and our prices on all stoves have been

Largely Reduced.

The Improved

AMERICAN

Cooking Stove

Has no equal as a perf. Stove.

It is the Best Baster,

It is the Best Baster,

It has the best Hot Water Tank,

It Makes no Dust,

It Never Refuses to Draw.

And always pleased the cook.

Prices Reduced!

DAME, SMITH & CO.

Our Low-Oven

TEN DOLLAR COOK STOVE

Still Beats the World.

Dame, Smith & Co.

Titusville Morning Herald.

Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1871.

The "MORNING HERALD," the First Daily Paper in the Oil Region, was Established June 1, 1865.

The "MORNING HERALD" has a larger circulation than any other paper in Western Pennsylvania. And the Circulation of the Herald in the Oil Region is Larger by FIVE HUNDRED copies than that of any other paper.

New Advertisements To-Day.

Insurance, F. Bates, Co., Agents.

Wager House—Dawson Run.

For Rent—Room Box 100.

Agents Wanted—C. C. Chase & Stewart's Block.

Locality—Oil Region.

Pay & Deduct—E. H. Sergeant.

Fruit and Vegetable—Hall Nov. 1.

Sever and Pavement Tax—H. B. Ostrem.

BAYARD TAYLOR'S LECTURE ON SCHILLER.

There was an audience of considerable numbers at the Parish Opera-house last evening, to listen to Mr. Taylor's lecture. It was a fine literary treat, well suited to exhibit the graces of composition, which distinguish this writer, and his critical powers. Such a narrative, and so sympathetic a tribute, and so comprehensive a view of German literature of the past generation, and Schiller's relations to his age, his literary mission, and his associations with eminent contemporaries was, we say, a theme, on which Mr. Taylor is peculiarly qualified to discourse.

The eloquence and delivery of Mr. Taylor are also effective, as well as graceful. The combined effect was rather pleasing, but it operated more like a gentle sedative, and therefore his lecture cannot rank with discourses that deserve the name of eloquence, to communicate something of a glow to the thoughts, and extort both applause and sympathy in a prominent audience.

Without the temperament of the orator, and calling to his aid neither the play of humor nor the flash of wit, nor any feeling except of the most temperate kind, and that subdued to the most refined propriety, Mr. Taylor is yet a literary artist and critic, highly accomplished, and as far from affected at sensation as he is incapable of any exhibition of enthusiasm.

Mrs. BATES & CO.'S INSURANCE AGENCY.

We publish this morning a column announcement of this well-known firm, the oldest and most staunch insurance agency in the oil region. Their companies are first-class and their transactions probably exceed that of any other house in Western Pennsylvania. Major Bates was the pioneer in this line, and although the junior partnership has changed within the last year, Mr. Bates has withheld the Chicago offices, and is as strong as ever. There has been rumors that the A.E.A. was crippled, but it referred to another company.

The A.E.A. of Hartford and the A.B.A. of New York, are entirely different concerns. The Chicago office has severely tested some of the most reputable companies in the country, and none has stood the strain more successfully than the companies which this firm represent. Examine their schedule, and take our word for it you can find no more reliable agency than that of F. Bates & Co.

MASSON'S REUNION.—Last evening, Captain Sir Alfred Croft, thirty-third degree, Chief Instructor General of the United States, made an official visit to Rose of Sharon Conclave, No. 60, at Roseville, and conferred the degrees of the order upon eight Sir Knights. After the meeting an elegant banquet was given by the concierge at the Rathbone Hotel, in honor of their distinguished guests.

The reputation of Dr. Croft as a mason, scholar and writer has extended wherever masonry is known, both in this country and in Europe, and we note with pleasure his cordial reception by the fraternity of the oil regions. Representatives of the order from Cuyah, Franklin, Titusville and other places were present, and contributed to the enjoyment of the occasion.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH FAIR AND FESTIVAL.—The ladies of the Universalist church of this city propose to hold a fair and festival at Davis's Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings Nov. 1st, and 2d, upon which occasion, besides the many other attractive features of the entertainment, refreshments of every variety and style will be provided for visitors, and every thing possible to be accomplished that will serve to render both evenings eligible and satisfactory. The object of the fair is to establish a library for the Sunday school of the Universalist church, and those who desire a pleasant evening's entertainment, and at the same time to contribute to a worthy cause, will not fail to present.

NEWSPAPER CHANGES.—Mr. W. H. Longwell announces his withdrawal from the Petroleum City Record, and Mr. C. C. Wicker succeeds him as editor and publisher. The Record stands as the second daily paper in the oil region in point of seniority, and we believe Mr. Wicker has been connected with it from the start, performing most of the editorial work. The Record also has been noted for its oil news concerning fresh fields and strikes, the early mention of which it makes a specialty, and is quoted in this line to a great extent by the many journals outside the pale of oil civilization.

NEW LECTURE COURSE.—At a recent business meeting of the Universalists society of this city a lecture committee was appointed, with instructions to arrange for an independent course of lectures for the benefit of the society. The committee have already effected an engagement with Rev. Mr. Fletcher, of Buffalo, who will open the course the third Wednesday of November. The committee are also in correspondence with Horace G. Avery, Rev. E. H. Chapin and others.

OBITUARY.—Mr. Thomas Firth, an old resident of Titusville, died on the 23d ult. His funeral service was held at the First Methodist Church, to which he had been committed, several months ago, on account of confirmed mental derangement. The remains will be sent back for interment, and the funeral will take place at 2 o'clock p.m. to-morrow, from his former residence on the plank road, east of the city.

THE new grocery house of Clark & Dingman, a description of which was given yesterday, was erected by Messrs. D. C. Clark and C. M. Hayes. Mr. Hayes is not a member of the new firm, but will reside in the counting-room.

The Mendelson Society will meet this afternoon and evening at 3 and 7 p.m., to prepare music for the monthly rehearsal, to come off next Tuesday evening, Oct. 30th.

EVERYDAY drinks that old Maryland whisky, which can only be procured at Crane, Griffes & Cox's drug store.

The Ladies' Home Relief Association met yesterday, and appointed a committee to secure a building to be used as a temporary city hospital.

COMMON COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the Council will be held this evening

Crawford County Teacher's Institute.

FIRST DAY-EVENING SESSION.

HYDETON, Monday, Oct. 23.

President H. D. Parsons in the Chair. There was a good audience in attendance.

Music by the Hydetown choir.

Lecture by Prof. Jones, of Erie—Subject, "Obstacles in the Way."

Discussion of same report by the teachers of the institute, participated in by Messrs. Haleck, Carpenter, Chamberlain, Carter Hyde, Webster, Prof. Cooper and Miss Chapman.

Music by the choir.

Lecture by Prof. Thompson—Subject, "The Importance of Learning to See."

Adjourned.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Tuesday, Oct. 24, 1871.

Institute called to order by the President.

Music by the members of the institute.

Devotional exercises, conducted by H. D. Parsons.

Class Drill, "Methods on Arithmetic," by Prof. Jones, of Erie.

Lecture—"Theory," by Prof. J. A. Cooper, of Elmwood.

Practical suggestions, by Prof. Parsons.

Class drill, "Physical Geography," by Prof. Thompson.

Music by the institute.

Recites.

Class drill on Grammar, by Prof. Jones, of Erie.

Appointment of the following committee to solicit subscribers for the Pennsylvania School Journal: Moses, P. E. Halleck, C. F. Chamberlain, and Misses J. F. Watson, S. L. Stockton.

Music by the institute.

Class drill on analysis, conducted by Mrs. Logee. Twenty-five of Mr. Chamberlain's pupils were selected to constitute a class as members of the institute. We were pleased to find that those young boys were so ready and prompt in answering questions. It shows that they have a right teacher in the right place.

Lecture, "Mental Philosophy," by Professor A. Cooper, of Elmwood.

Class drill, object lessons, compound numbers, by Professor Thompson.

A-journal.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Informal Meeting—P. F. Halleck, Esq., in the chair.

Question—Resolved, That z and y should not be used in the analysis of mental arithmetic problems.

Discussed by Messrs. Wheeler, Waller, Webster, Halleck, Coyle and Parsons.

Class drill—Grammar, by Professor H. S. Jones, of Erie.

Lecture—"Theory," by Professor Cooper.

Class Drill—Geography, by Professor Cooper.

Reading, by Mrs. Logee.

Adjourned.

Five o'clock.

WEDNESDAY.

Mrs. Rootenoot's Remedies.

SHANGHAI BITTERS AND PULLET PILLS.

I take pleasure in placing the following advertisement before fowl fanciers and egg admirers, confident that at last a great medical discovery has been made, which will not only increase the poultry crop, but also fill a vacuum in the crops of all birds that heretofore been missed.

To the scientific poultry breeder I have one word to say. Are your hens as lively as they were several years ago? Are they troubled with indisposition to lay their (ovary) due to fat? Are they inclined to solitudo? Both of these facts are now known to us. The secret of the success of the Shanghain Bitters is in the oil region.

TO THE FARMERS OF CHINA.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF CHICKENS.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF DUCKS.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF PIGS.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF HORSES.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF BIRDS.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF FISH.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF SHEEP.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF GOATS.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF CATS.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BREEDERS OF DOGS.

The Shanghain Bitters are the best.

TO THE BRE

